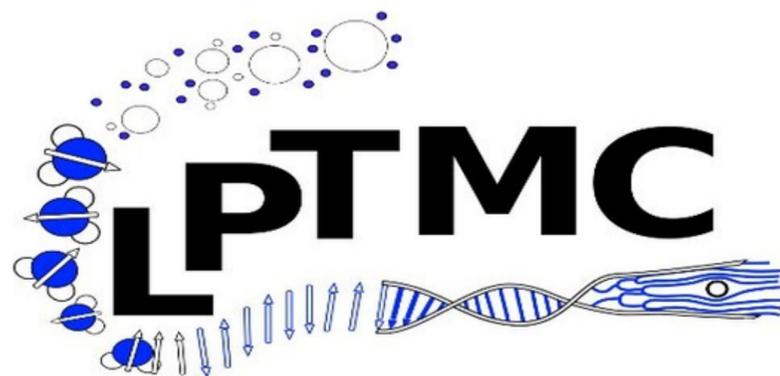


Probing the fractal phase of a random matrix using replicas

Daide Venturelli

Journées de Physique Statistique, ENS Paris, January 25-26 2023

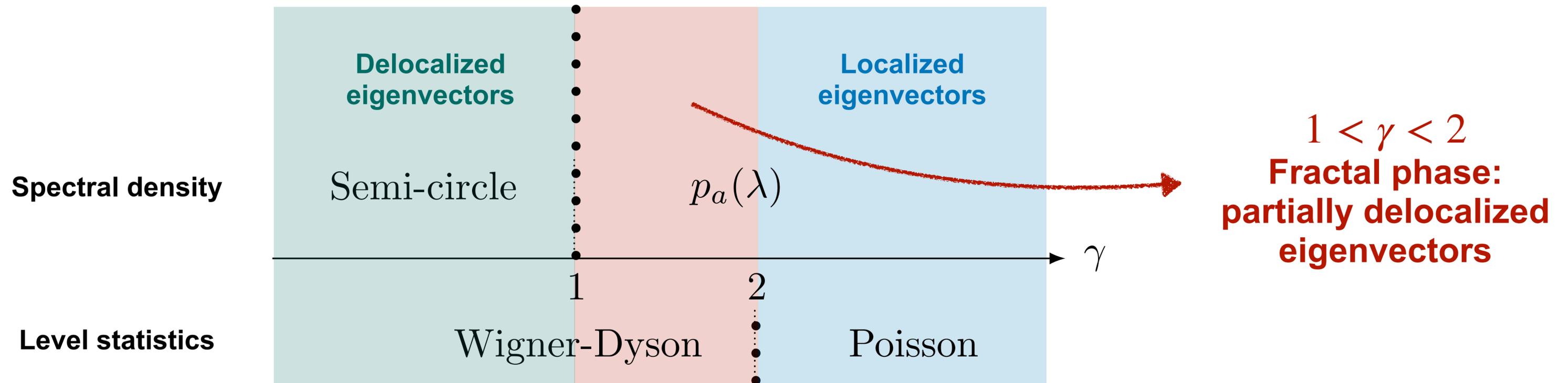


The generalized Rosenzweig-Porter model

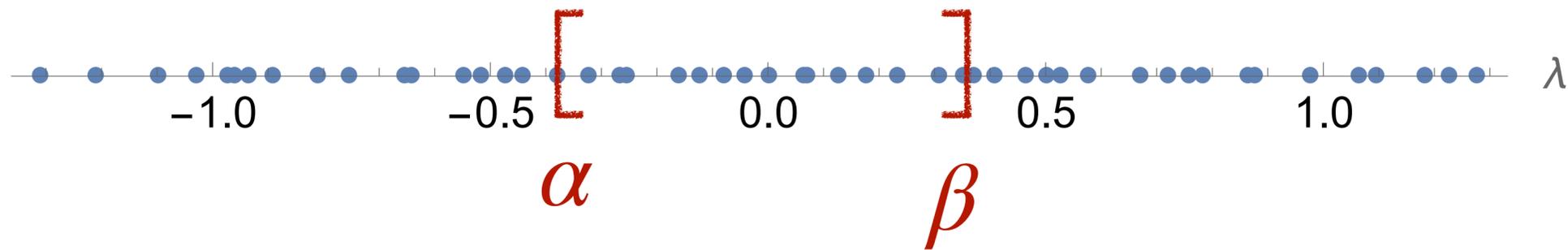
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & & & \\ & \textcircled{a_{22}} & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & a_{NN} \end{pmatrix} + \frac{\nu}{N^{\gamma/2}} \begin{pmatrix} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{pmatrix} \text{GOE}$$

$p_a(a_{ii})$ →

$$\rho_N(\lambda) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \delta(\lambda - \lambda_i)$$



Local level statistics: # of eigenvalues in an interval



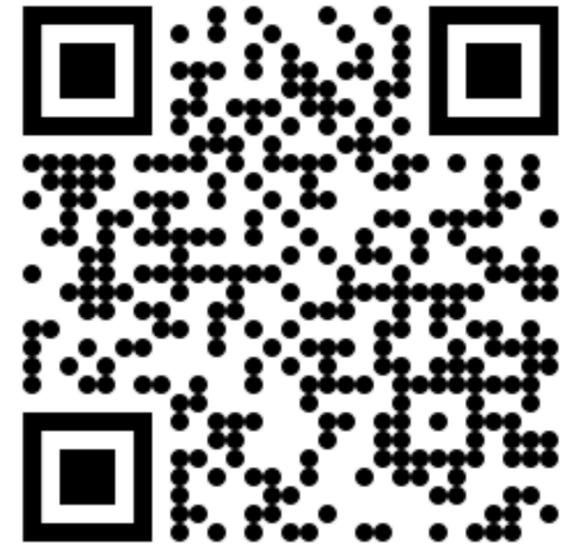
$$I_N[-\alpha, \beta] \equiv N \int_{-\alpha}^{\beta} d\lambda \rho_N(\lambda)$$

Large deviation function:

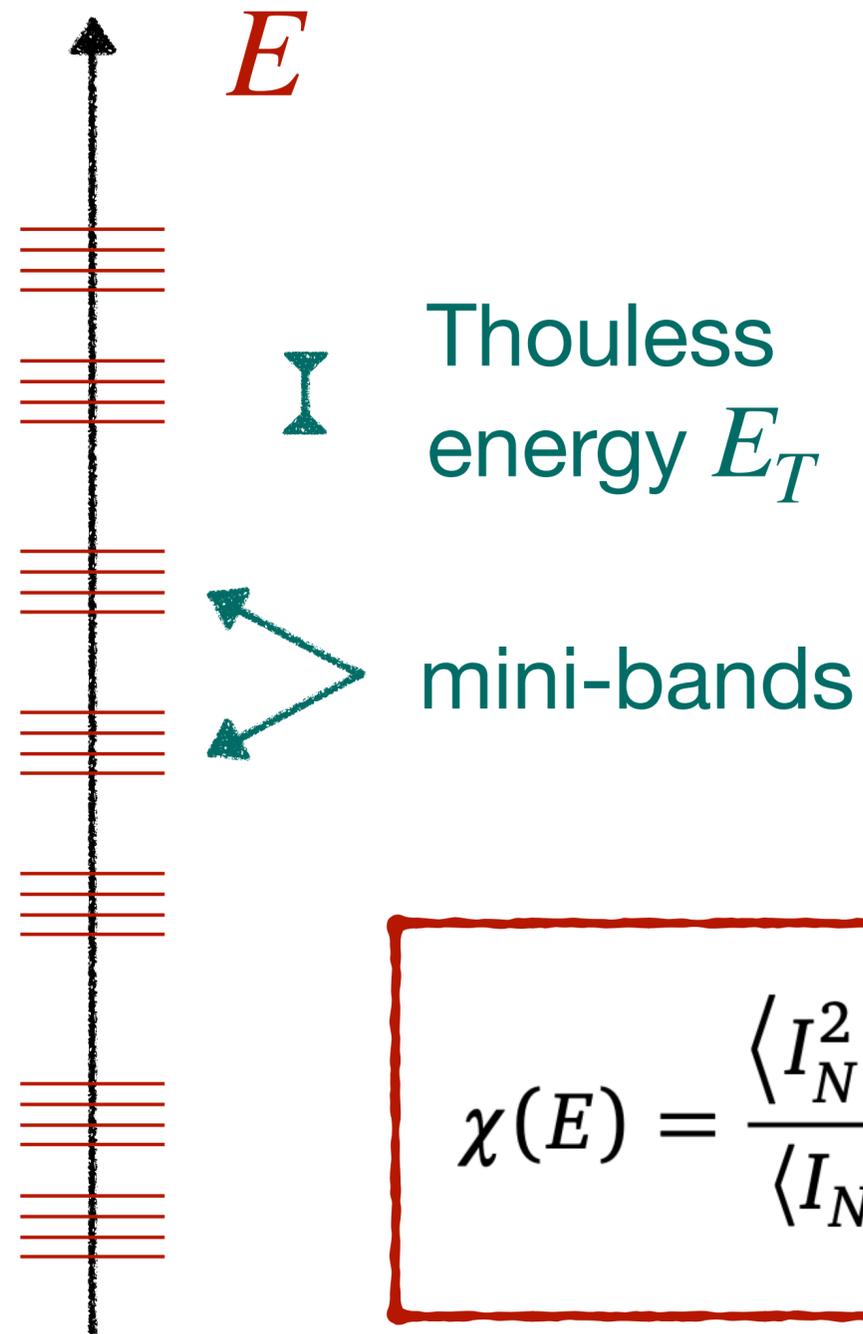
$$\mathcal{F}_{[-E, E]}(s) \equiv \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{N} \ln \left\langle e^{-s I_N[-E, E]} \right\rangle$$

can be accessed using the **replica** method

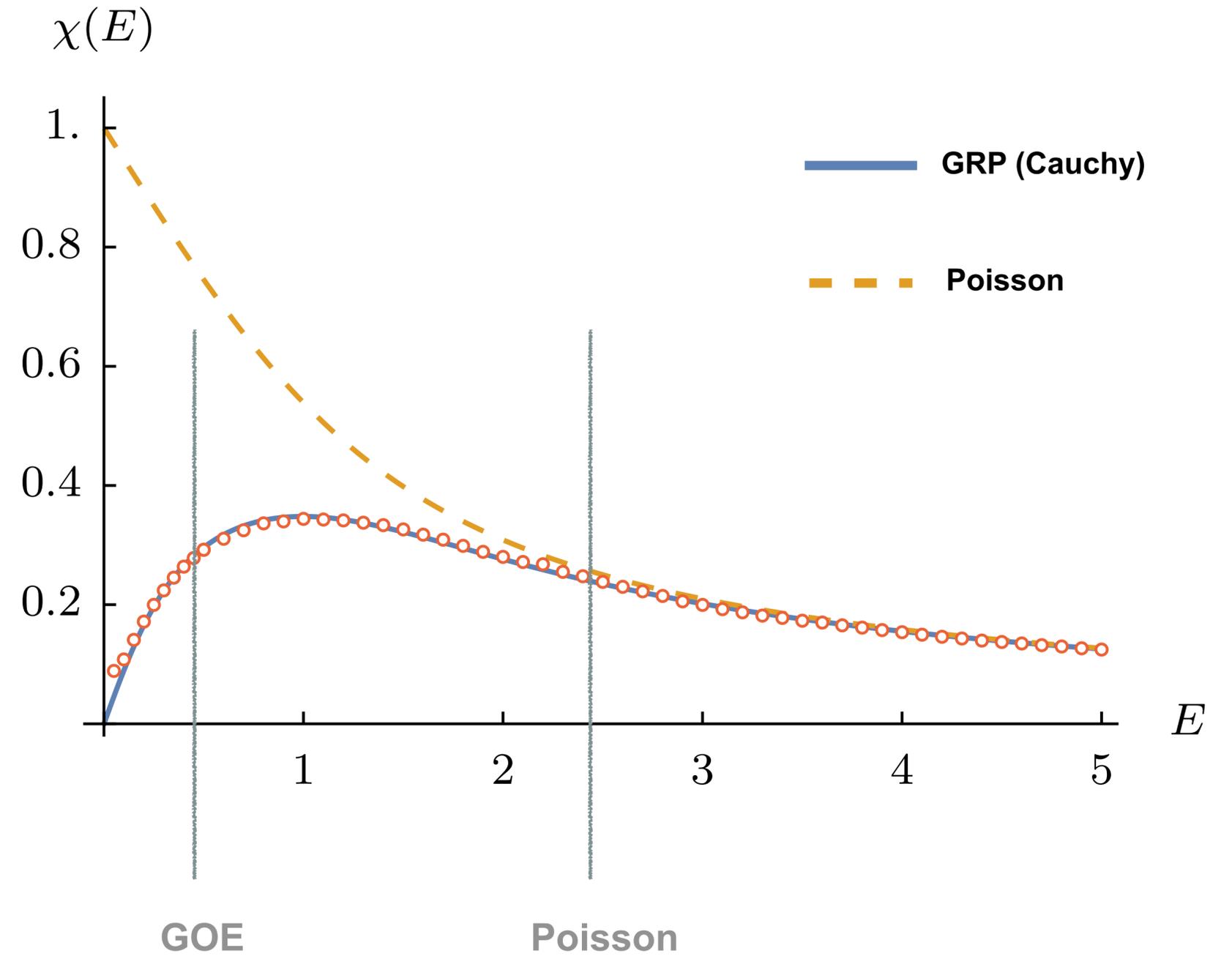
Details of
replica
calculation



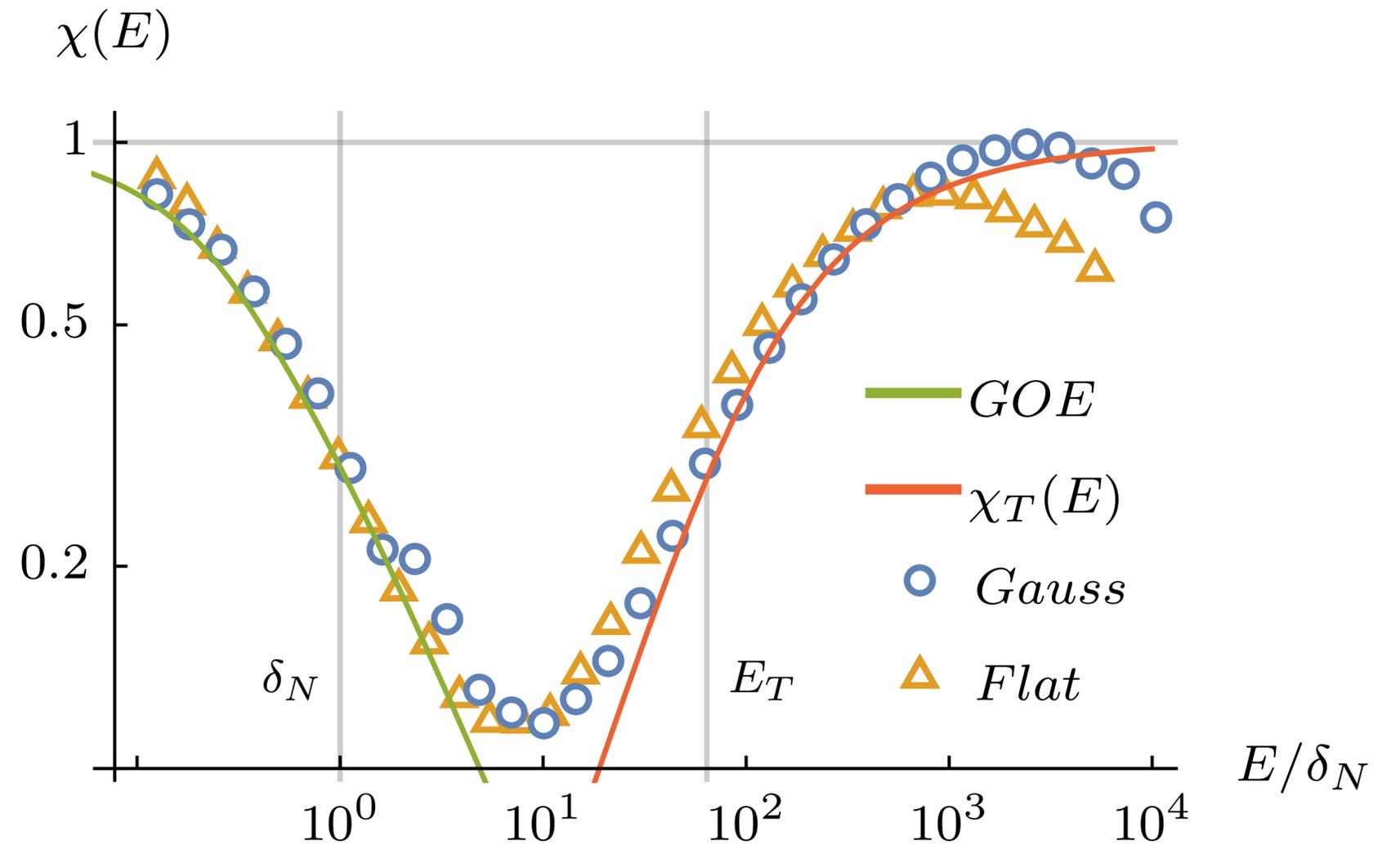
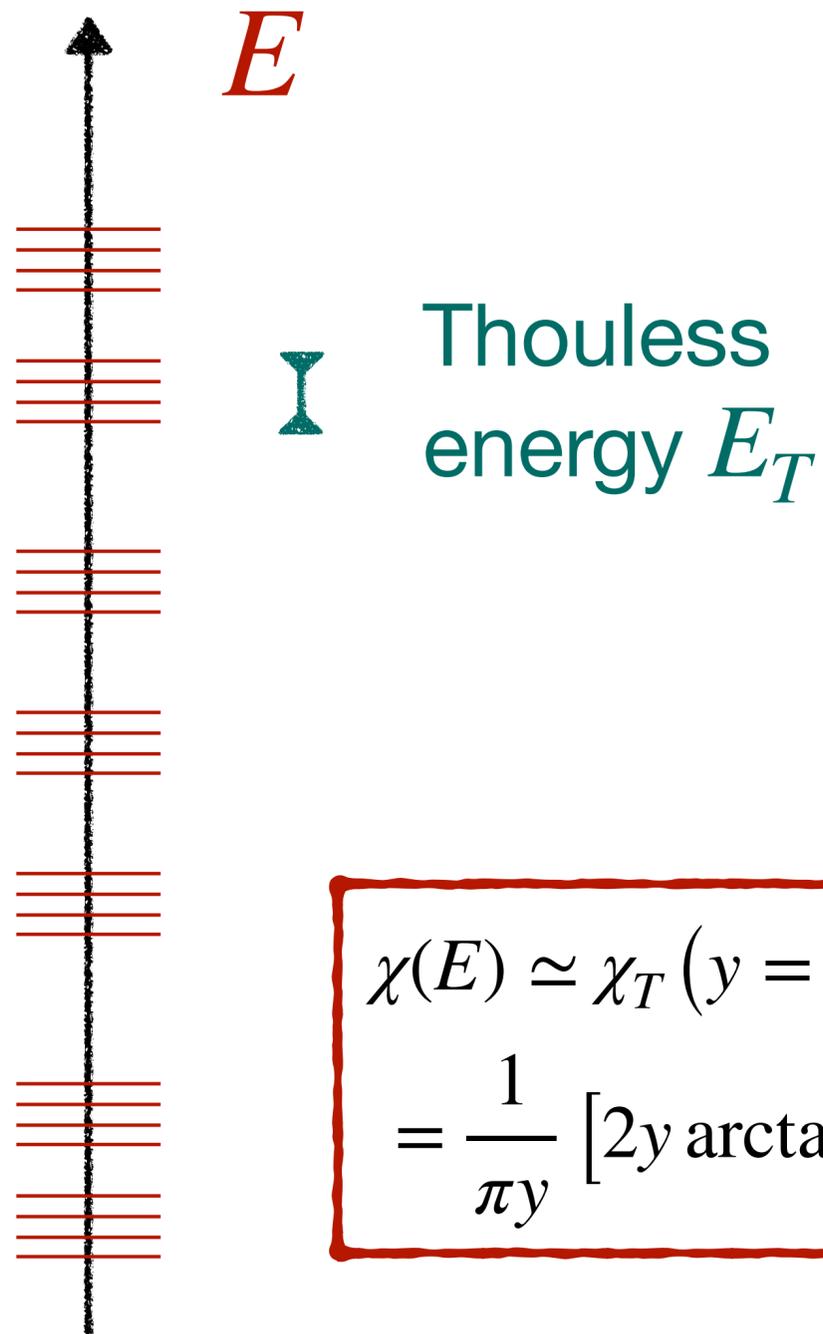
Level compressibility



$$\chi(E) = \frac{\langle I_N^2[-E, E] \rangle_c}{\langle I_N[-E, E] \rangle}$$



Level compressibility



$$\chi(E) \simeq \chi_T(y = E/E_T)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi y} [2y \arctan(y) - \ln(1 + y^2)]$$

universal for $E \sim E_T$,
independent of $p_a(a_{ii})$